

**RHS, RBS, RUS, FSA, USDA**

**§ 1941.57**

EXHIBIT B TO SUBPART A OF PART 1941  
[RESERVED]

EXHIBIT C TO SUBPART A OF PART 1941—  
CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

(NOTE: Exhibit C referenced in this subpart is available in any FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 office.)

[53 FR 35684, Sept. 14, 1988]

**Subpart B—Closing Loans Secured by Chattels**

**§ 1941.51 Purpose.**

This subpart prescribes Farmers Home Administration (FmHA) or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 policies, procedures, and authorizations for closing direct loans secured by chattels. These loans are considered closed on the date the promissory note is executed.

[43 FR 55883, Nov. 29, 1978, as amended at 58 FR 48282, Sept. 15, 1993]

**§§ 1941.52–1941.53 [Reserved]**

**§ 1941.54 Promissory note.**

(a) *Executing the note.* Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 1940-17, "Promissory Note," will be executed and dated following receipt of the loan check in the county office and prior to the first withdrawal of loan funds from the supervised bank account or delivery of the loan check to the borrower.

(b) *Signatures*—(1) *Individuals.* Only the applicant is required to sign the promissory note. Any other signatures needed to assure the required security will be obtained as provided in State supplements. A cosigner will be required only when it has been determined that the applicant cannot possibly meet the repayment requirements for the loan request. Persons who are minors (except a youth obtaining a youth loan), mental incompetents, or noncitizens will not execute a promissory note. Except when a person has pledged only property as security for a loan, the purpose and effect of signing

a promissory note or other evidence of indebtedness for a loan made or insured by FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 is to incur individual personal liability regardless of any State law to the contrary. A youth executing a promissory note shall incur full personal liability for the indebtedness evidenced by such note.

(2) *Entities.* The promissory note(s) will be executed so as to evidence liability of the entity as well as individual liability of all members of the entity.

[43 FR 55883, Nov. 29, 1978, as amended at 51 FR 13448, Apr. 21, 1986; 53 FR 35691, Sept. 14, 1988; 58 FR 48286, Sept. 15, 1993; 68 FR 7697, Feb. 18, 2003]

**§§ 1941.55–1941.56 [Reserved]**

**§ 1941.57 Security instruments.**

Security instruments referred to in this subpart are financing statements, security agreements, chattel mortgages, and similar lien instruments. To obtain a security interest in chattels and crops in States which have adopted the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC), both a financing statement and a security agreement are required, although only the financing statement must be filed or recorded in public records. See paragraph (g) of this section for filing or recording instructions. In Louisiana a Chattel Mortgage and Crop Pledge or Crop Pledge, as appropriate, is required to obtain a security interest in chattels and crops.

(a) *Executing security instruments by borrowers.* State supplements will be issued, as necessary, to carry out the provisions of this paragraph. In order to close the loan and obtain the desired lien, security instruments will be executed by appropriate entity officials, on behalf of an entity borrower. Any other signatures needed to assure the required security will be obtained as provided in State supplements. A cosigner will be required only when it has been determined that the applicant cannot possibly meet the security requirements for the loan request.